PART IV

Section 1-A

CENTRAL BILLS AND REPORTS OF SELECT COMMITTEES THEREON

NOTIFICATION.

(LAW DEPARTMENT).

No. LAW 86 LOA 66, Bangalore, dated 2nd February 1967.

Ordered that the Constitution (Twenty-second Amendment) Bill, 1966 (Bill No. XXIV of 1966), which has been published in the *Gazette of India*, Extraordinary Part II, Section 2, dated the 21st November 1966 be republished in the *Mysore Gazette*, for general information.

By Order and in the name of the Governor of Mysore,

H. K. ANANTHASUBBA RAO,
Under Secretary to Government,
Law Department.

RAJYA SABHA

The following Bill was introduced in the Rajya Sabha on the 21st November, 1966:—

Bill No. XXIV of 1966.

A Bill further to amend the Constitution of India.

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Seventeenth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. *Short title.*—This Act, may be called the Constitution (Twenty-second Amendment) Act, 1966.

2. *Amendment of Eighth Schedule.*—In the Eighth Schedule to the Constitution,—

(*a*) entries 12 to 14 shall be re-numbered as entries 13 to 15 respectively, and

(*b*) before entry "13" as so re-numbered, the entry "12. Sindhi." shall be inserted.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

There have been persistent demands from the Sindhi-speaking people for the inclusion of the Sindhi language in the Eighth Schedule to the Constitution. Although at present Sindhi is not a regional language in a well-defined area, it used to be the language of a province of the undivided India and, but for partition, would have continued to be so. The Commissioner for Linguistic Minorities has also recommended the inclusion of Sindhi in the Eighth Schedule to the Constitution. On 4th November, 1966, it was announced that Government had decided to include the Sindhi language in the Eighth Schedule to the Constitution. The Bill seeks to give effect to this decision.

Y. B. CHAVAN.

The 15th November, 1966.

B. N. BANERJEE,
Secretary.

Printed by the Director of Printing, Sty. & Publications at the Govt. Press, B'lore.